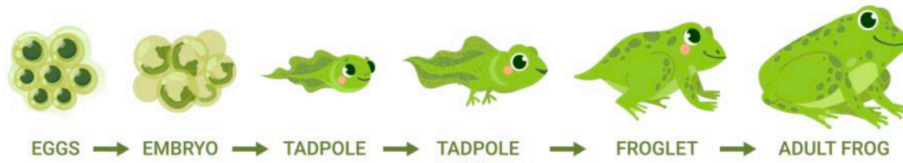


Year 2 - Animals Including Humans - Life Cycles Half Term 4

Frog Life Cycle

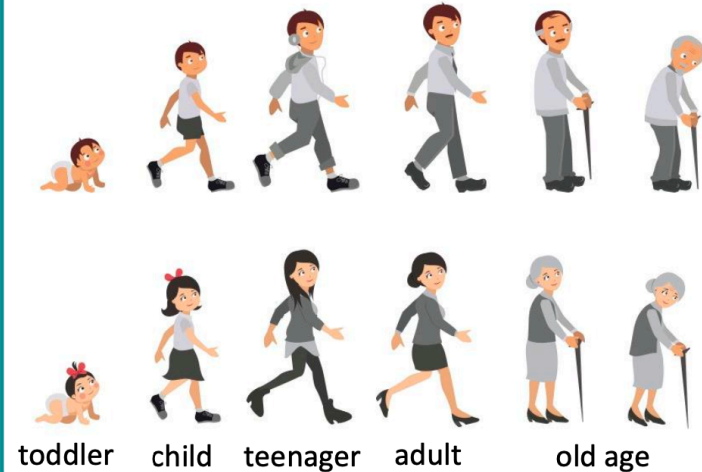


1. Eggs – Female lays eggs which are fertilised by the male.
2. Tadpole – After 2-25 days the tadpole hatches from egg.
3. Jumps – Grows front legs. Uses nutrients in tail as food.
4. Grows fins and hind legs.
5. Adult Frog – Eats insects instead of plants. After 2-4 years it becomes an adult frog and can lay eggs.

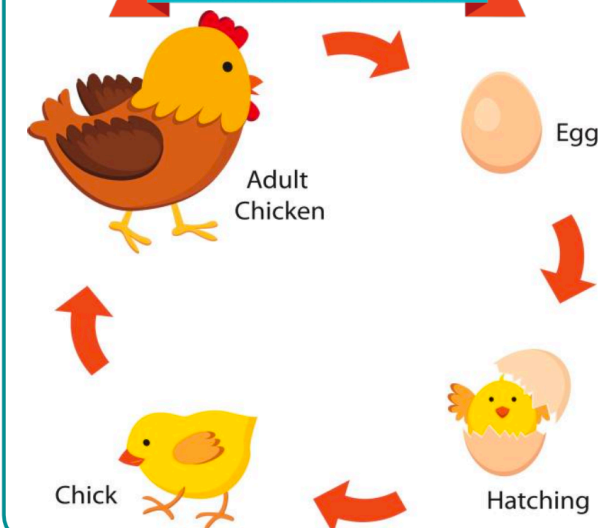
Key Vocabulary

life cycle	a diagram showing the changes in the life of a living thing
foetus	a baby growing inside its mother's womb
womb	area of the mother's body where the foetus grows
offspring	the child, or young, of an animal or plant
reproduction	the process of producing offspring
transformation	a change in appearance or form
metamorphosis	the processes of insects, and some animals, developing into adult forms through a cycle of change
froglet	a young frog that has recently changed from being a tadpole

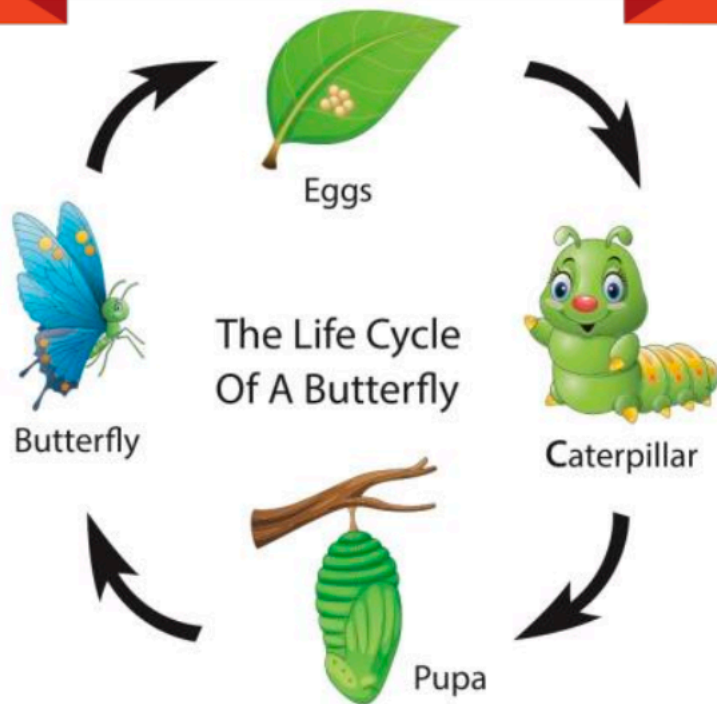
Human Life Cycle



Chicken Life Cycle



Butterfly Life Cycle



To know statements



I know the order of the stages of the human life cycle.

I know what happens at each stage of the human life cycle.

I know the offspring and the parent of an animal.

I know the life cycle of a chicken.

I know the life cycle of a butterfly.

I know the life cycle of a frog.

What can you remember from previous units?

Do you know different families of animals?

What are the differences between them?

What do herbivores, omnivores and carnivores eat?

Anything else you have learnt? What have you enjoyed?

