

# Year 2 - Magical Mapping - Term 2

#### Using an Atlas

An atlas shows maps of continents, countries, oceans and the physical features of a place. Its contents page shows a list of all the maps and the page that they can be found on. The index page lists, in alphabetical order, all of the countries, cities and towns that can be found in the atlas and shows which page number to look on.



There are many different types of maps, such as:

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ouse

rms

Baradyc

Sketch maps Road maps

**Ordnance Survey** maps

Climate maps

## What Is a Map?

Hov

A map is a drawing of an actual place that uses lines and symbols to represent real-life objects. People have used maps for hundreds of years to help them travel from place to place.

#### **Keu Features**

Key features of maps include: a title, a compass rose, symbols, a key and different colours for important things, such as green for forests and blue for rivers.

Viewpoint

Castle

#### **Compass Directions**

People use a compass to help them position and use a map acuratelu. The main points of a compass are north, south, east and west.

## Planning a Route

When planning a journey using a map, people think about the quickest or safest route.













## **Physical Features**

■Woodland Boundary

Atlases show us the physical features of a place. These can include forests. lakes and rivers. On the index page beside the page number, there is sometimes a letter that tells you the kind of feature it is, e.g. m = mountain and r= river.

### **An Aerial View**

Maps are usually drawn from an aerial view. We can look at aerial photographs to see the main physical and human features of places. **Aerial** photos are photos taken by aircraft or other flying objects, e.g. drones. A satellite photo is taken from a satellite in space.

## **More About Maps**

Did You Know...?

Maps cannot possibly show everything. They are drawn to scale.

Seas are smaller areas of water than oceans. They are found where the land and water meet.

|            |   | Key Vo   | ocabulary | , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,                 | Ted A S A   |  | 100   |       |
|------------|---|--|-----------|---|---|--|---|-------|
| 1          | atlas   | A collection of maps in one book.  | 100       | sketch map  | A simple map with only basic details.   | DM.  | To know   | √X    |
| ada        | continent   | A very large area of land that includes all the islands with it. There are seven continents: Africa, Antarctica, Australasia, Asia, Europe, North America and South America. |           | key   | Helps us understand map<br>symbols. Also known as a legend.   | R  | statements  |       |
|            |   |  | -         | compass   | This is printed on a map to show  | s is printed on a map to show erent directions.  icture or a sign on a map that resents something else.  urvey organisation in the UK ich prepares very detailed ps of the country.  vay of getting from a start at to a finish point.  ool which shows people which ection they are travelling in thelps them find their way.  usual weather conditions | I know how to compare different types of map.   | >     |
|            |   |  | -Sae      | map symbol  | A picture or a sign on a map that   |  | I know a range of key features of maps.   |       |
|            | ocean   | A large area of salt water. There are five <b>oceans</b> : the Arctic, Atlantic, Indian, Pacific and   |           | Ordnance<br>Survey                                    | represents something else.  A survey organisation in the UK which prepares very detailed maps of the country. |  | I know how to use compass directions to describe how to move around a map.                        | N. N. |
| 10         | physical<br>feature   | Southern <b>Oceans</b> .  A feature that has been formed by nature.  |           | route   | A way of getting from a start point to a finish point.  |  | I know how to plan a<br>route using key<br>vocabulary, positional<br>and directional<br>language. |       |
| E So       | aerial view   | A view from above.<br>Also known as a<br>'bird's-eye' view.  |           | compass   | A tool which shows people which direction they are travelling in  |  |   | 91    |
| 1          | human<br>feature  | A feature that has been made or changed by humans, e.g. bridges.   | 1         | -   | and helps them find their way.  |  | I know a range of map symbols.  |       |
| - CITE     |   |  |           | climate   | The usual weather conditions of an area.  |  | I know how to use an atlas to locate a range  |       |
| 1          | What can you remember from previous units?  What information can you get from a |  |           |   | (本) (本)   |  | of countries, capital cities in the UK  |       |
| prev       |   |  |           | Anything else you have learnt? What have you enjoyed? |   | #"   | and the world.  I know how to compare aerial and ground level view photographs.                   | 9     |
| map<br>Can | o?<br>I you remem   | ber any symbols on a   |           |   |   | 20   | I know some of the world's major seas and locate them on a map.                                   | di    |
| map        | h:  |  |           | OZC MANAGER HILLIAN                                   |   |  | Ci  | vm*   |